



# Mobile robot control 2023: System Architecture

Peter van Dooren

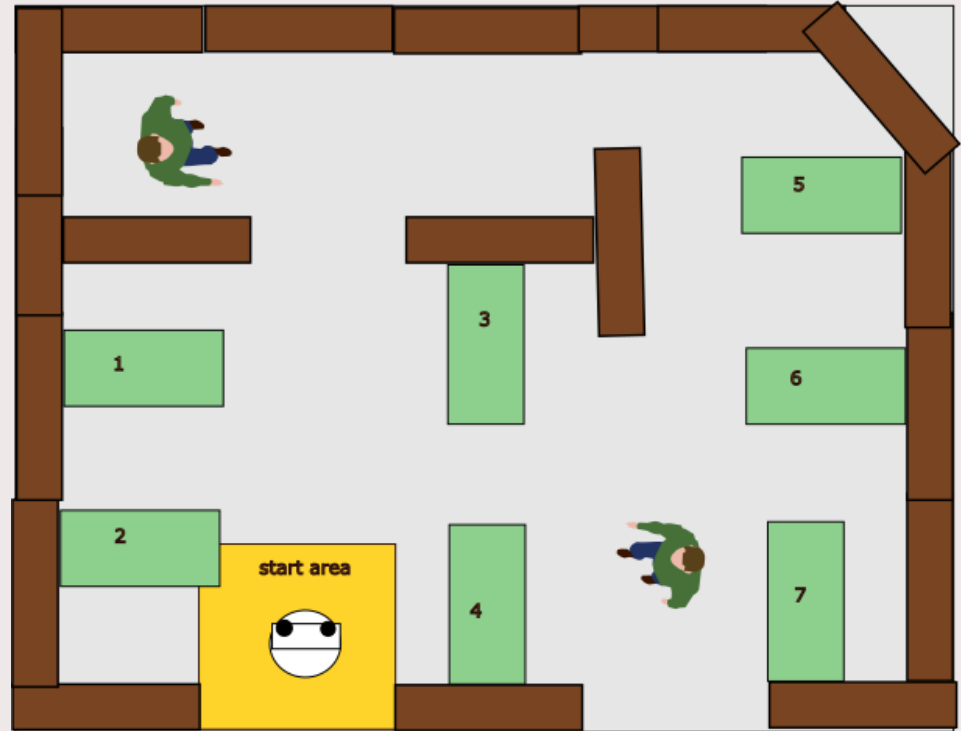
# Why though?



# Recap final challenge

Goal:

- Visit a number of tables in set order

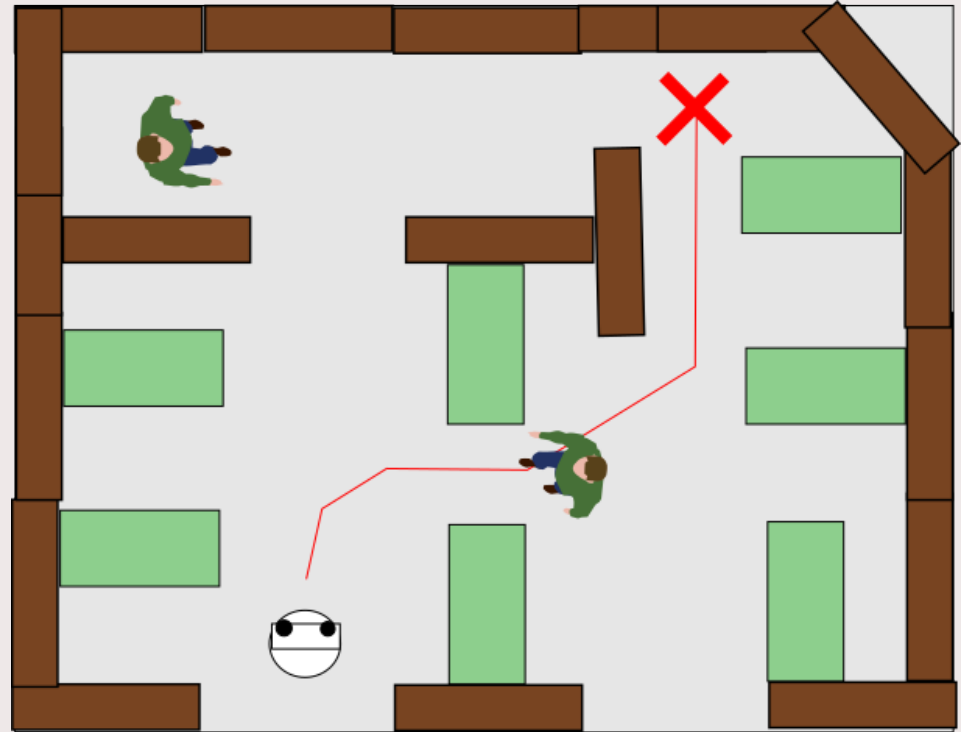




# Recap final challenge

Goal:

- Visit a number of tables in set order



**That's why!**

# Learning goals

After this lecture you will be able to:

- Design a robotic system given an intended use-case
  - Describe why a system design is needed
  - Formulate design requirements
  - Formulate state flow chart
  - Formulate data flow chart

# What Makes a Good Systems Design?



# Sound familiar?

**The code does not work, and you have no idea why**





## Sound familiar?

**There is a random number in the code and only one group member knows what it does**

# System design

- High level description of the system
- Outlines components and the way they interact
- Abstracts away from implementation

# System design

- Specifies the requirement of the system
  - Requirements can be tested
- Gives an overview of the system
  - New developers can follow decisions made by a previous team.
  - Components can be developed in parallel
- Allows you to engineer the system, rather than the software.
- Allows you to communicate the design

# Formulating Requirements

# Survey

Our robot can drive at a max speed of 0.22 m/s.

Question: is this a good value?

Who thinks this is:

- a) Fast enough
- b) Too slow
- c) Too fast
- d) Cannot be determined





# Survey

Our robot can drive at a max speed of 0.22 m/s.

Question: is this a good value?

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- a) Fast enough
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- d) Cannot be determined

Task: Follow customer around the store



# Running example: ShopBot

Robot shopping cart

Task: follow operator around the supermarket





# Requirements

What **should** the system do?

- Speed limits
- Wall clearance
- Driving lanes
- Driving heading
- ...



Design decisions

Strict limitations

How to determine their values?

- Safe around humans
- Easy to use
- ...



Coming from stakeholders

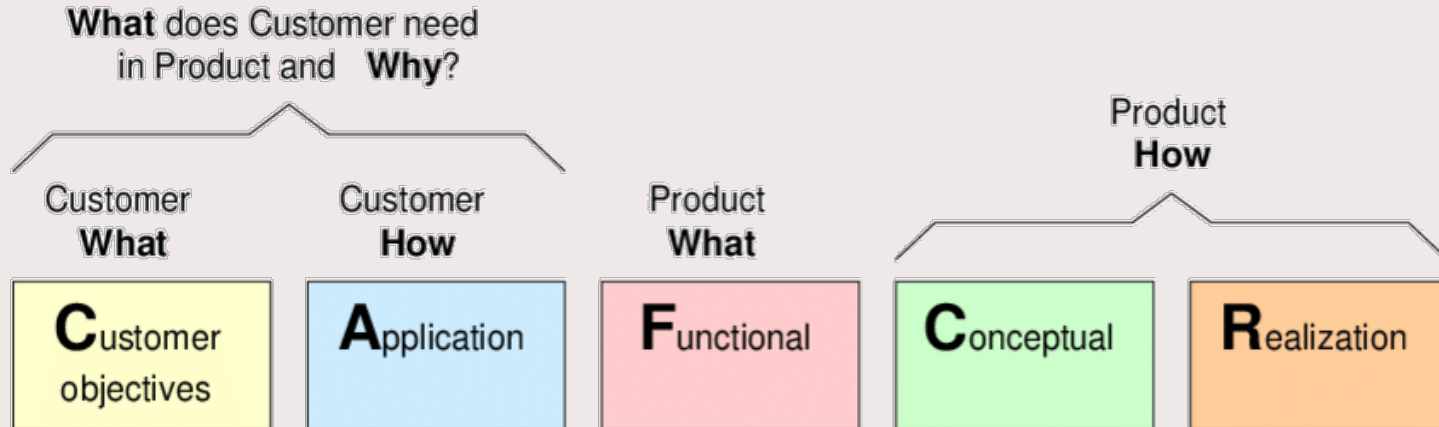
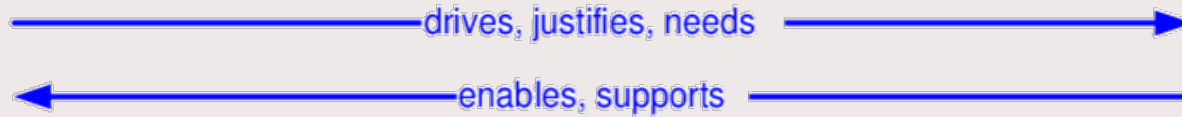
Often vague statements:  
"Safe", "Robust", "Easy-to-use"

How to measure these?



# CAFCR

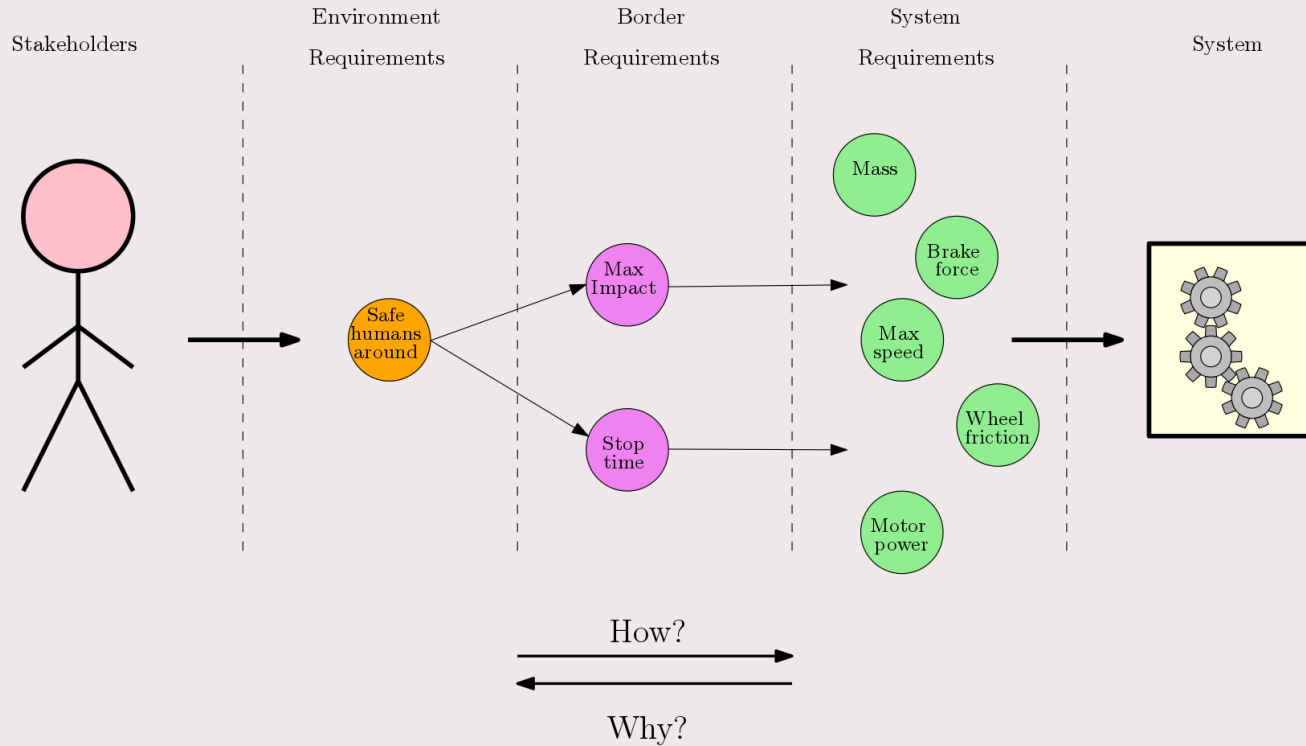
Model to organize different views on the system



<https://www.gaudisite.nl/ThesisBook.pdf>



# From Desires to Specs

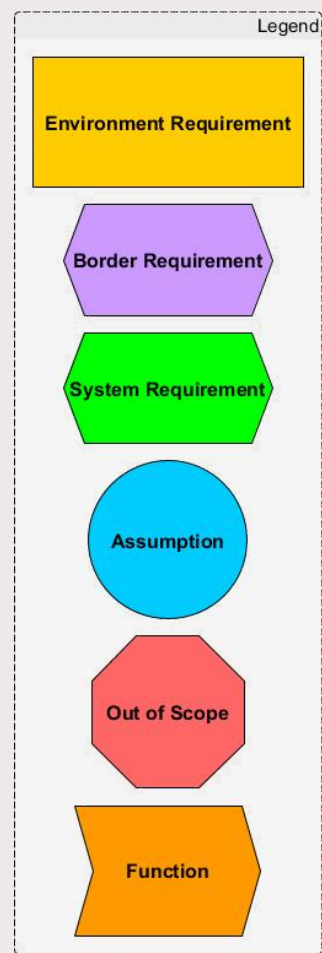
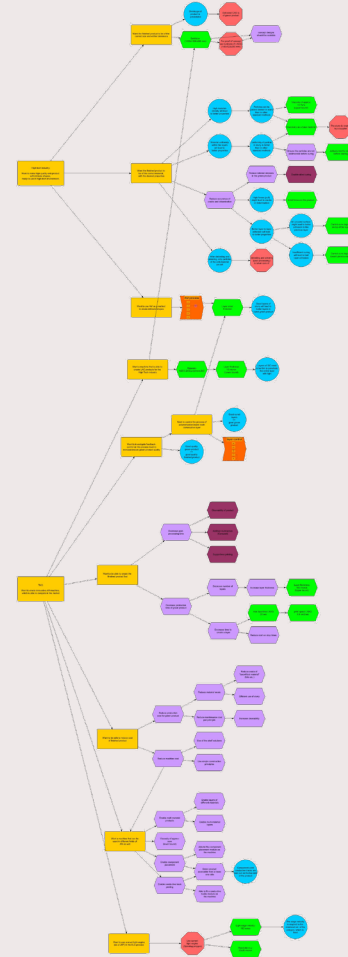


# From Desires to Specs

Environment requirement	Border requirements	System requirements
Describe a need without a solution in mind	Link other requirements with each other	Verifiable
Often vague and not measurable	Models	Simple values
Come from stakeholders	Design decisions	

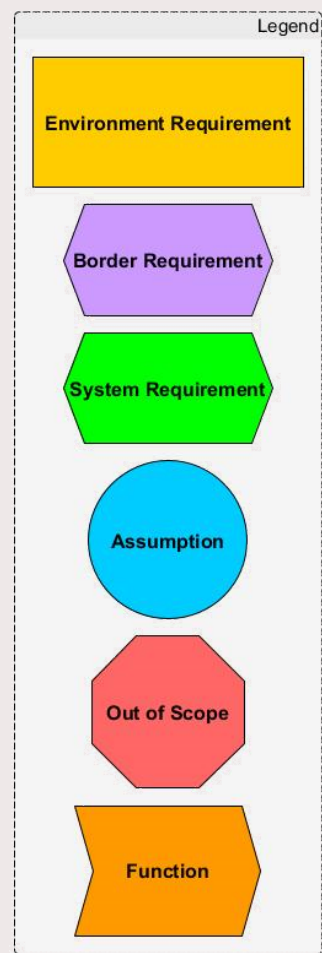
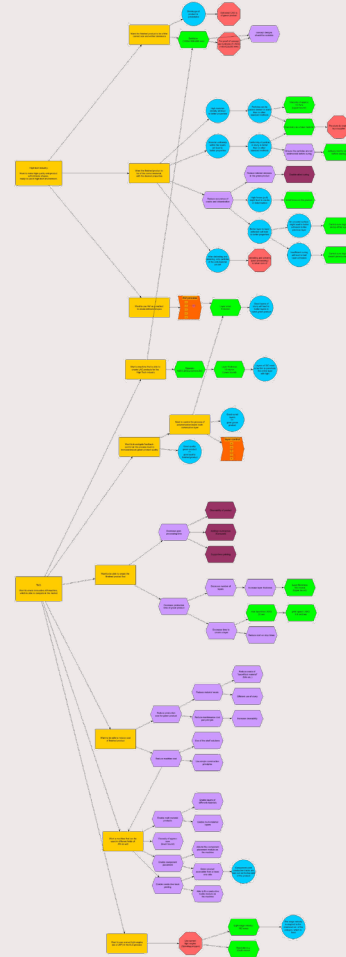
# Why is this important?

- Bookkeeping
- Back-traceability
- Insight in conflicts
- Ordering of importance
- Coherence in group
- Discussion points
- Comparing system designs
- NO MORE MAGIC NUMBERS!
  - BUT MODELS



# Why is this hard?

- Many stakeholders
- Conflicting desires
- No tangible output (at first)
- Boring (no it is not!)
- Not an exact science!



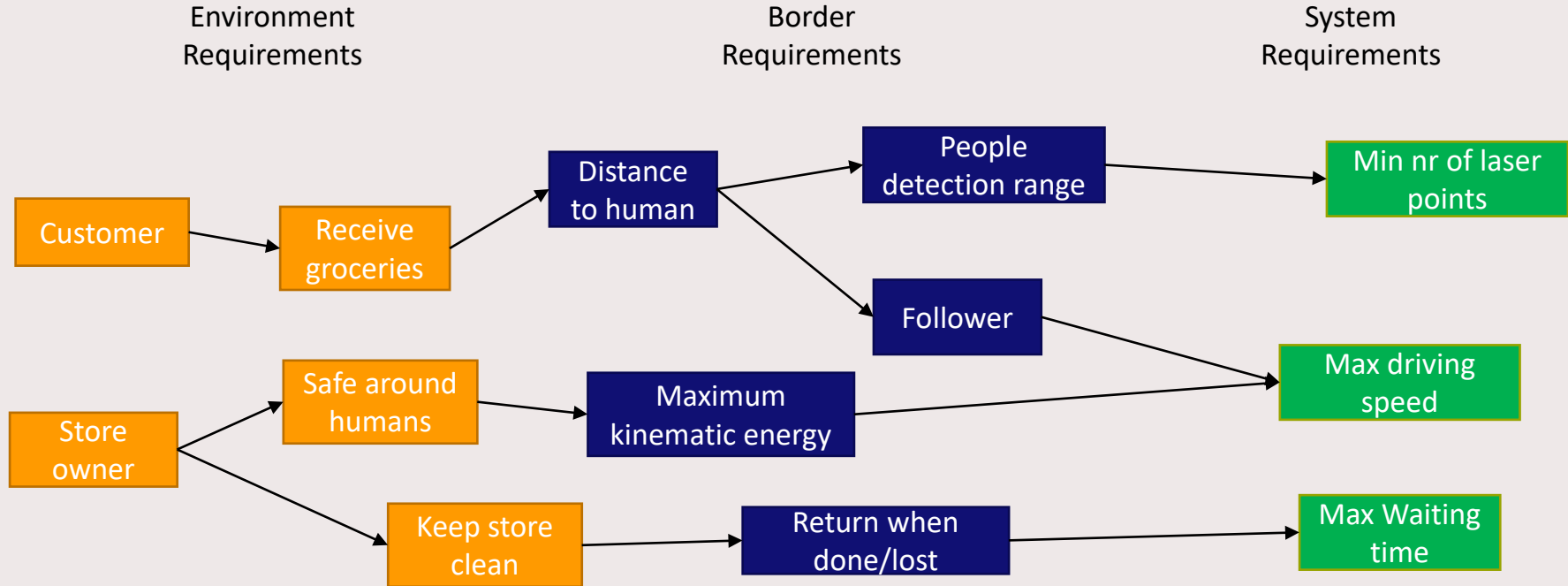


# From Desires to Specs





# From Desires to Specs



# Data Flow Diagram



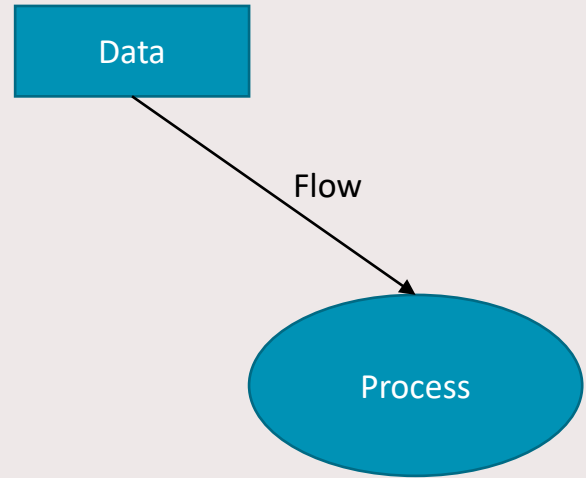
# Data Flow Diagram

A form of structured analysis which gives insights into:

- Origin of data
- Interfaces between processes

Consist of:

- **Data:** information
- **Process:** a functional component with inputs and outputs
- **Flow:** specify an input/output relation between process and data



# Data Flow Diagram

Laser

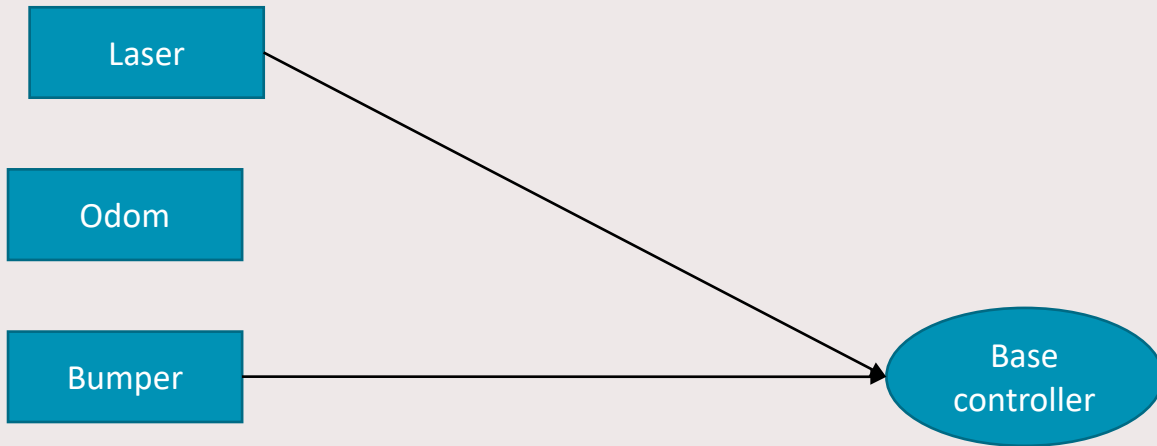
Odom

Bumper

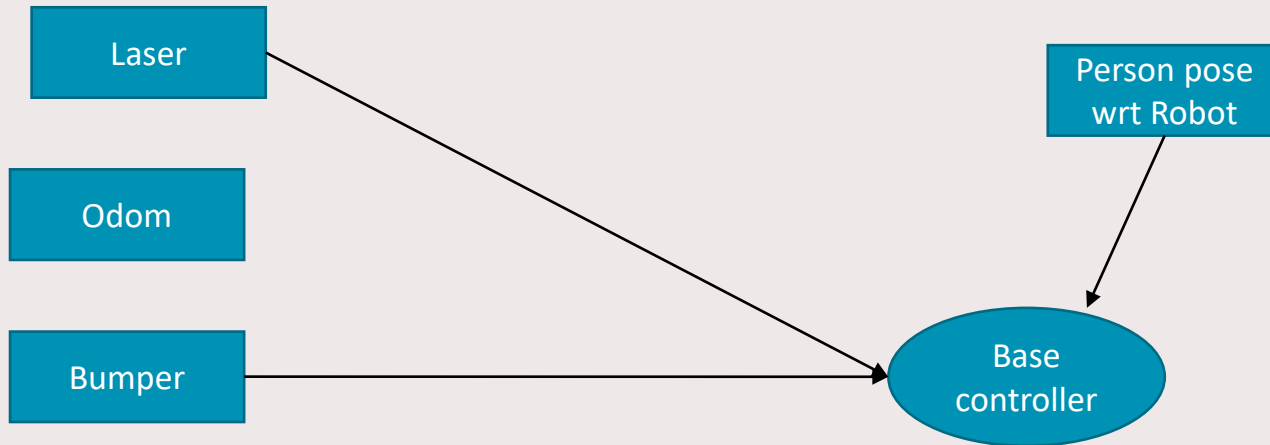
# Data Flow Diagram



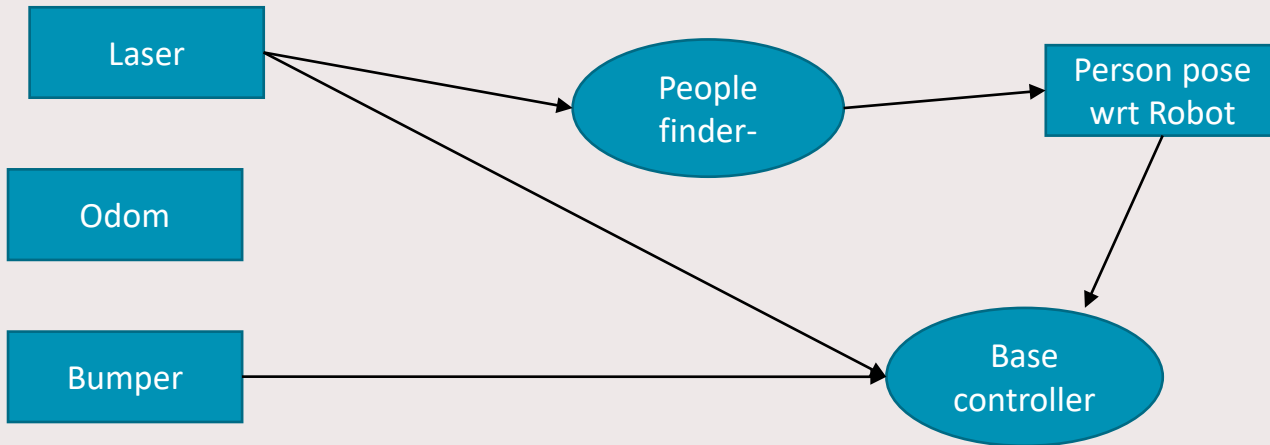
# Data Flow Diagram



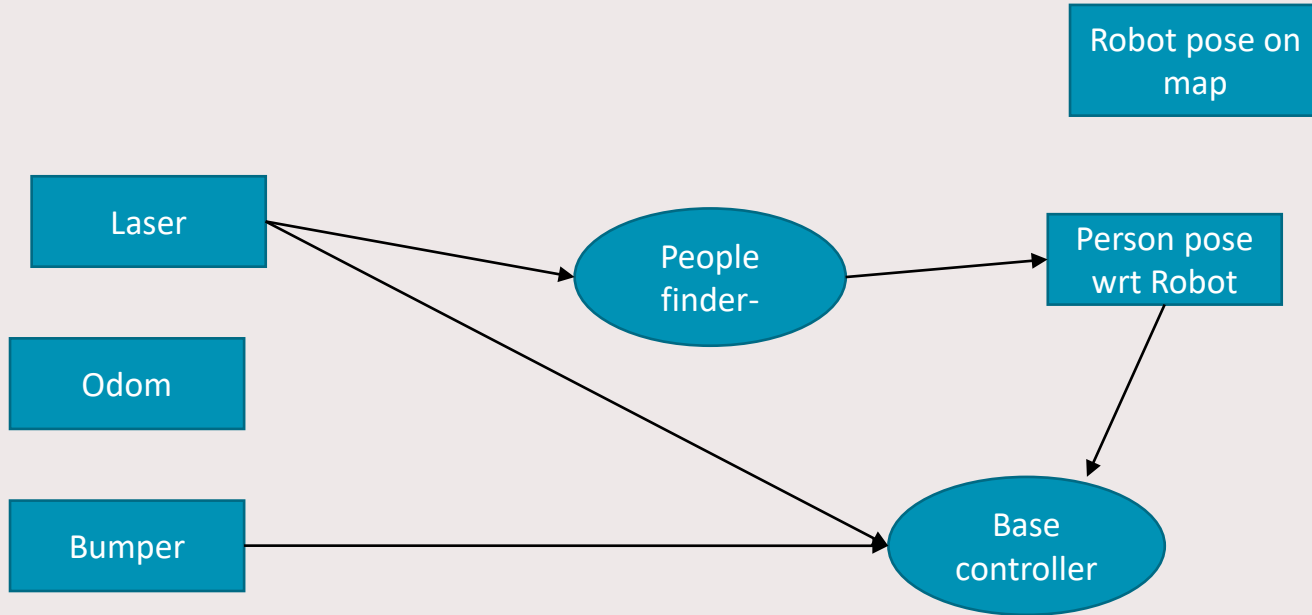
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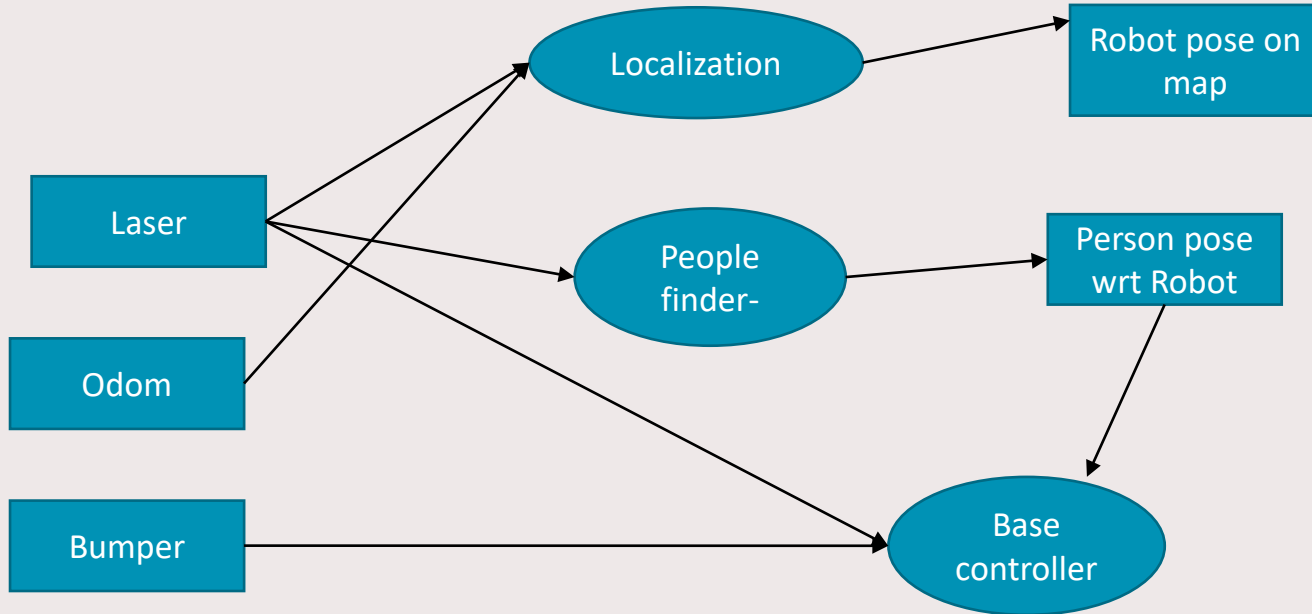
# Data Flow Diagram



# Data Flow Diagram

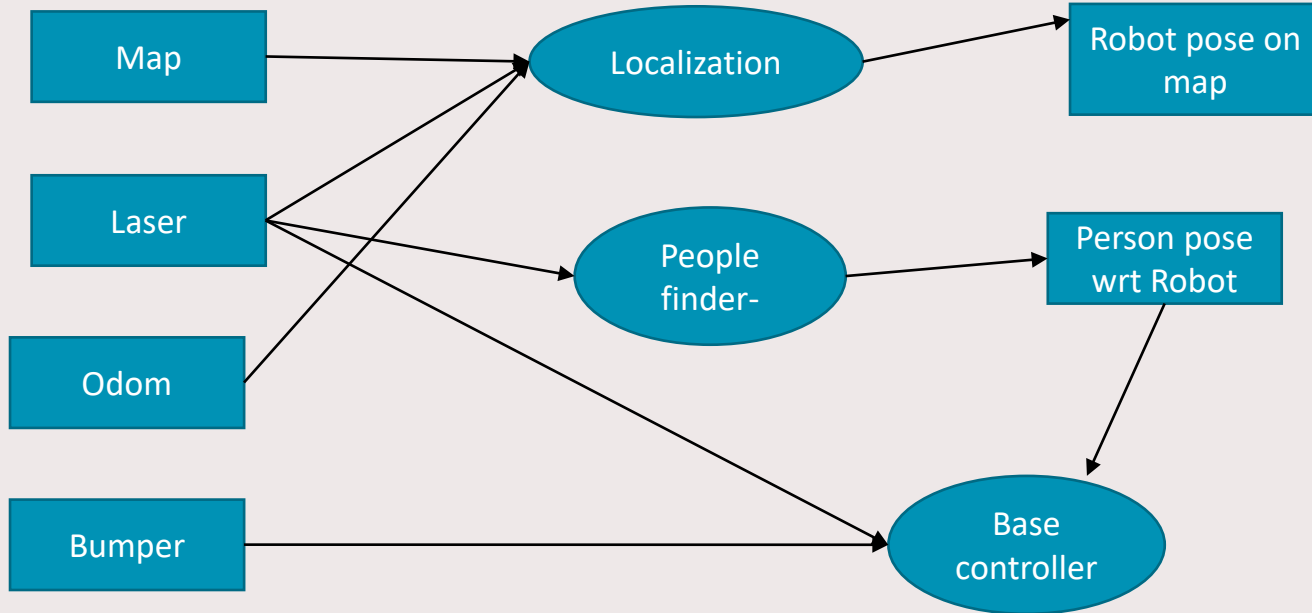


# Data Flow Diagram





# Data Flow Diagram



# State Diagram



# State diagram

They allow you to design the discrete control of your system

State diagrams can be used to graphically represent finite state machines

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/State\\_diagram](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/State_diagram)

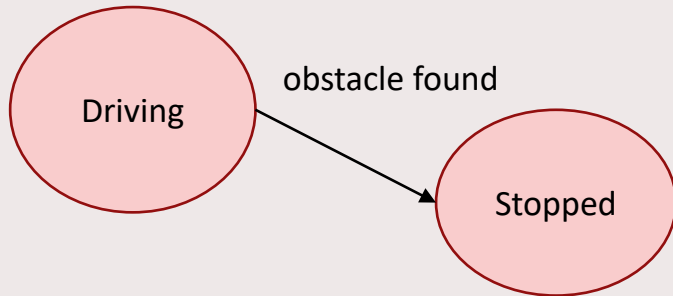


# State diagram

Set of states: {State1, State2,... StateN}

Transition: triple(from\_state, event\_name, to\_state)

Set of transitions: { (S1, E1, S2), (S2, E2, S1), ... (... ) }



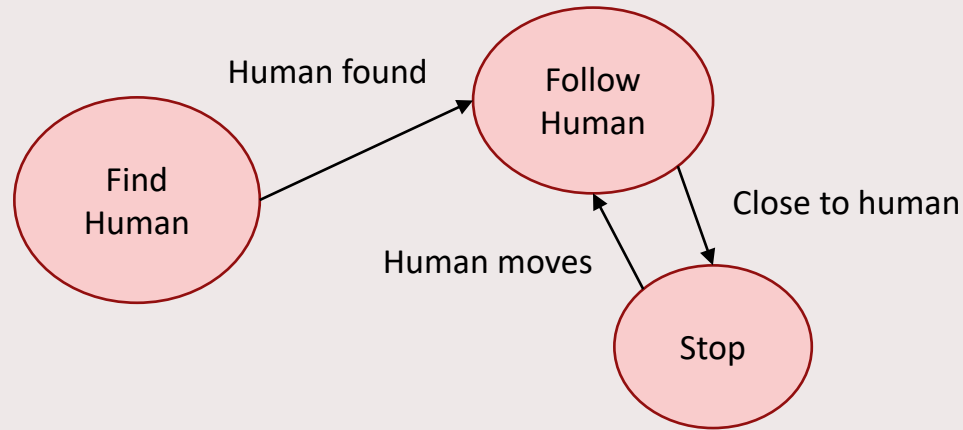
Set of states: {  
Driving,  
Stopped  
}

Set of transitions: {  
(Driving, obstacle found, Stopped)  
}



# State diagram

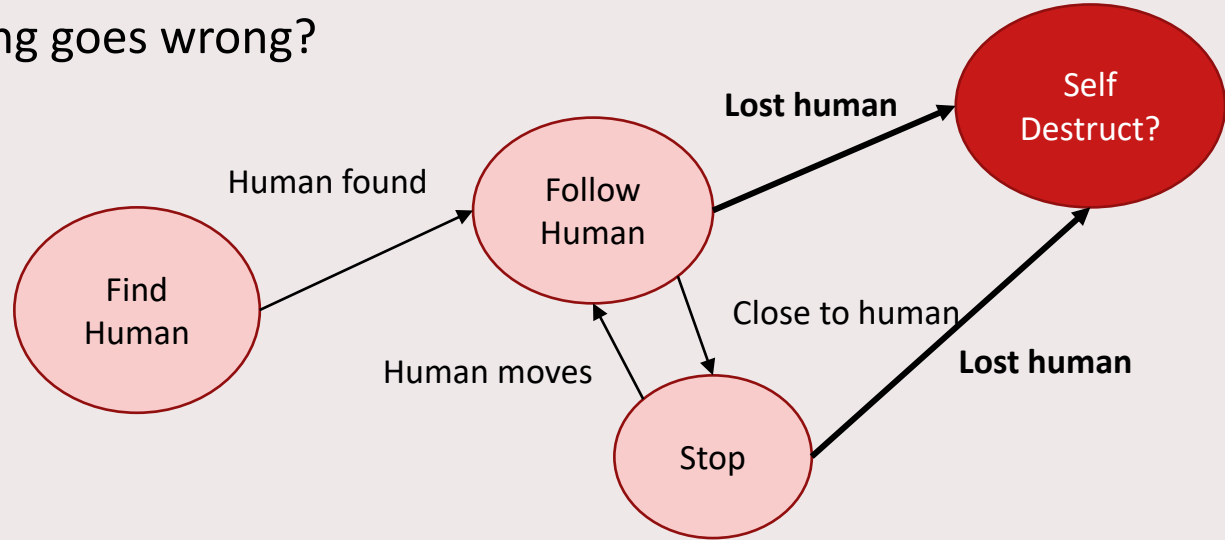
Happy flow





# State diagram

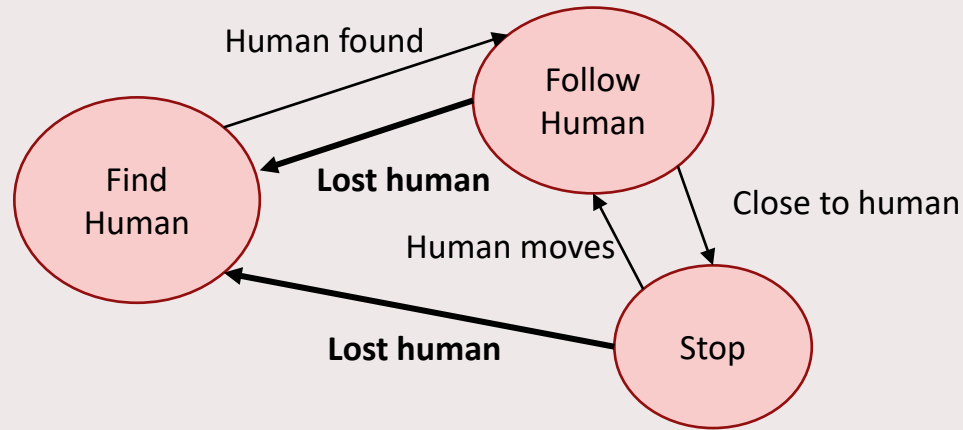
What if something goes wrong?





# State diagram

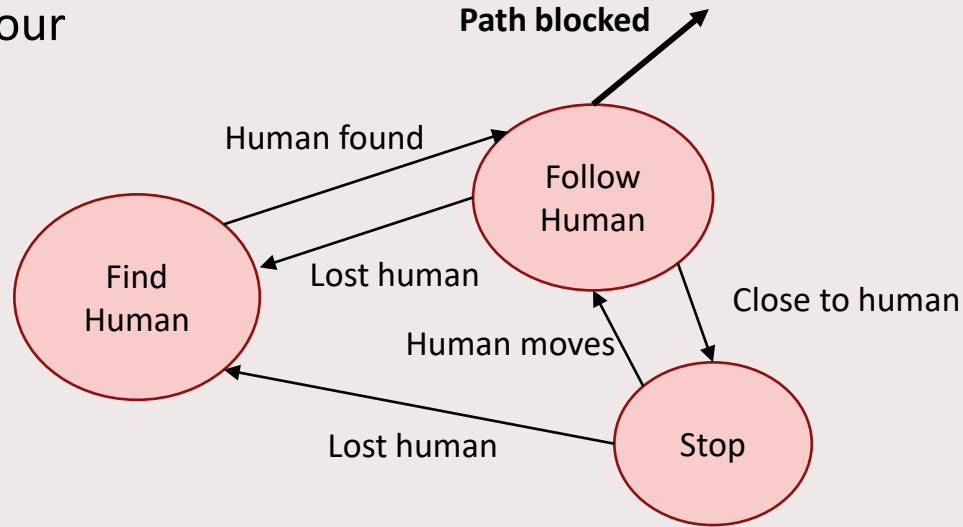
Recovery behaviour





# State diagram

Recovery behaviour

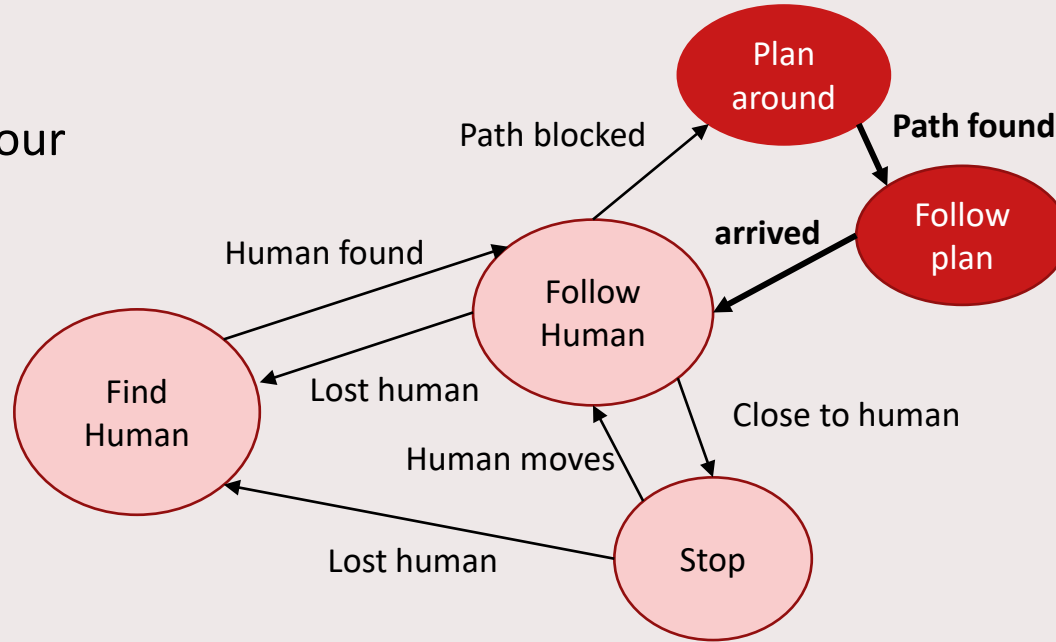






# State diagram

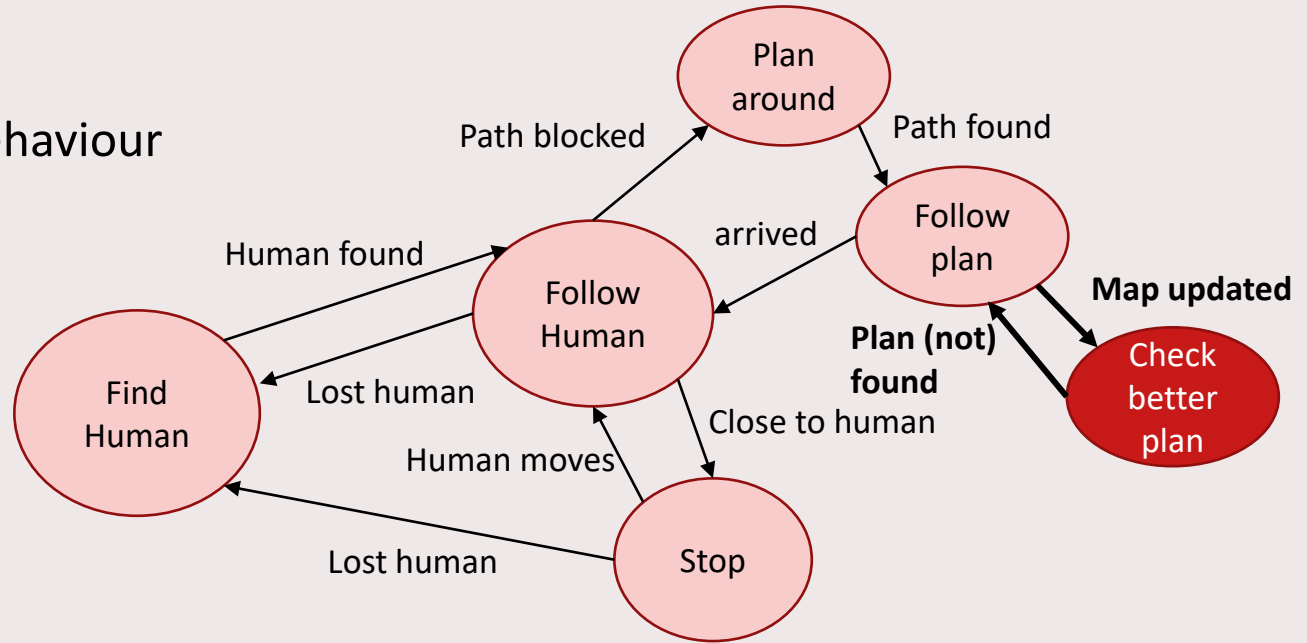
Recovery behaviour





# State diagram

Opportunistic behaviour





# Question

Within a state we may have the following:

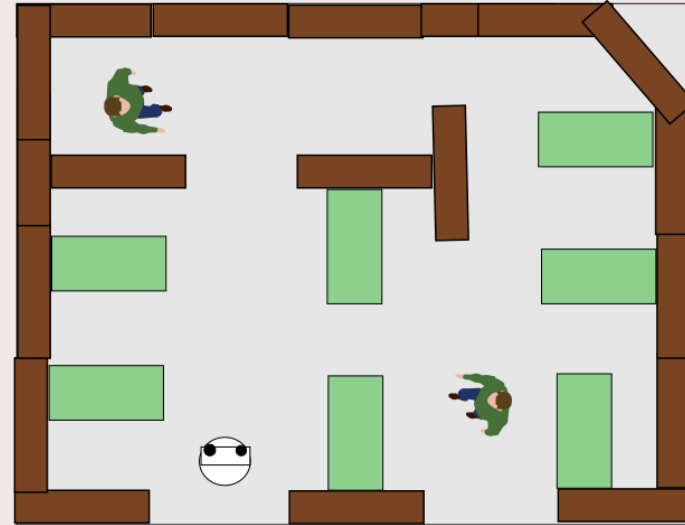
1. Functional component, which performs the behaviour
2. Monitors, which detect whether transitions occur
3. Transitions, which determine which state to go to next
4. State, data which persists a cycle of computation

Which of the above does not belong in a state?

# Design Presentations

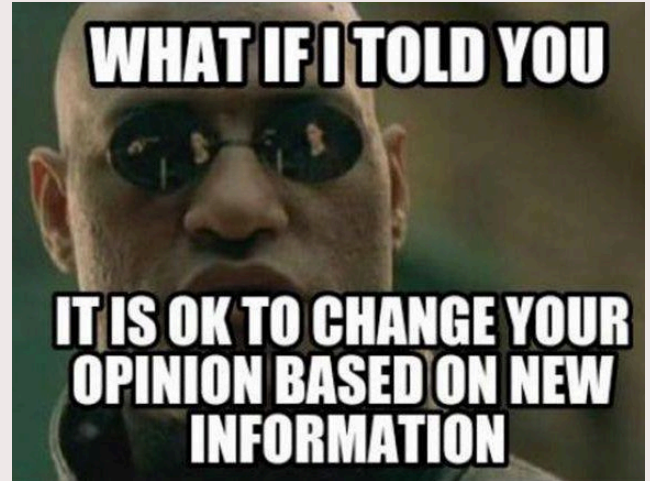
# Design Presentations for Restaurant challenge

- Some requirements already in the challenge description
- Think about how you can use what you have developed in the exercises
- Should contain:
  - Requirements
  - System design including state and data flow
  - Motivation for your design decisions
- Presentations: Wednesday June 7



# Design for Restaurant challenge

- Upload design to your wiki
- Prepare a 10 min presentation
- Adaptation possible?
  - Absolutely!
  - Show your insights on the final wiki
  - (Don't throw away initial design!)



# Take Home Message

*Think before you do*

- What are the requirements?
- How are these requirements related?
- When should our robot choose to change its behaviour?
- What are the relations between the data structures in our system?
- How will we test if requirements are met?

There is no *best* way to do it. These are tools to help you focus your common sense.

Iterations are inevitable

# Take time to think – ask ‘why’!





# Questions?

**Time for a break**

# Design Presentation for Restaurant challenge

- Some requirements already in the challenge description
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  - System design including state and data flow
  - Motivation for your design decisions
- Deadline: Wednesday June 7

